

# Can there be... A design *of* service?

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A horizontal timeline diagram with a grey background. A horizontal line at the bottom has four vertical tick marks. Above the line, three grey rectangular blocks are arranged in a descending staircase pattern from left to right. The first block, labeled 'TU Delft', starts at the first tick mark (2008) and ends at the second (2010). The second block, labeled 'TU Eindhoven', starts at the second tick mark (2010) and extends to the right edge of the frame. The third block, labeled 'Aalto University', starts at the second tick mark (2010) and ends at the fourth tick mark (2014).

TU Delft

TU Eindhoven

Aalto University

2008

2010

2012

2014

A horizontal timeline chart with a grey background and a white timeline axis at the bottom. The axis has vertical tick marks for the years 2008, 2010, 2012, and 2014. Three blue rectangular boxes are placed above the axis, representing different career stages. The first box, labeled 'Service Design (PhD)', spans from 2008 to 2010. The second box, labeled 'P-S Systems (PhD, Postdoc, Industry)', spans from 2010 to 2012. The third box, labeled 'Service Design (B/M Teaching)', spans from 2012 to 2014. The boxes are stacked vertically, with the first box at the top and the third box at the bottom.

Service Design (PhD)

P-S Systems  
(PhD, Postdoc, Industry)

Service Design  
(B/M Teaching)

2008

2010

2012

2014

# The service industries

- Travel, media, health, social, financial, security, online services
- Dominant economic sector since the 1970s
- Is service design a new phenomenon?

# Design *for* service...

Subservient to the service delivery process



Sony Triniton (Frog Design, 1975)

# Design *for* service...

Where material objects are but a conduit to immaterial processes



Apple Macintosh [Manock & Oyama (& Frog Design?), 1984]

# Design *for* service...

Maybe it never wanted to get noticed



# Service design something new?

Why?



# Service development and design

## Service Development Process



```
graph TD; A[Service Development Process] --> B[Visioning<br/>(Service concept)]; A --> C[Market Definition]; A --> D[Planning<br/>(Service definition)];
```

Visioning  
(Service concept)

Market  
Definition

Planning  
(Service definition)

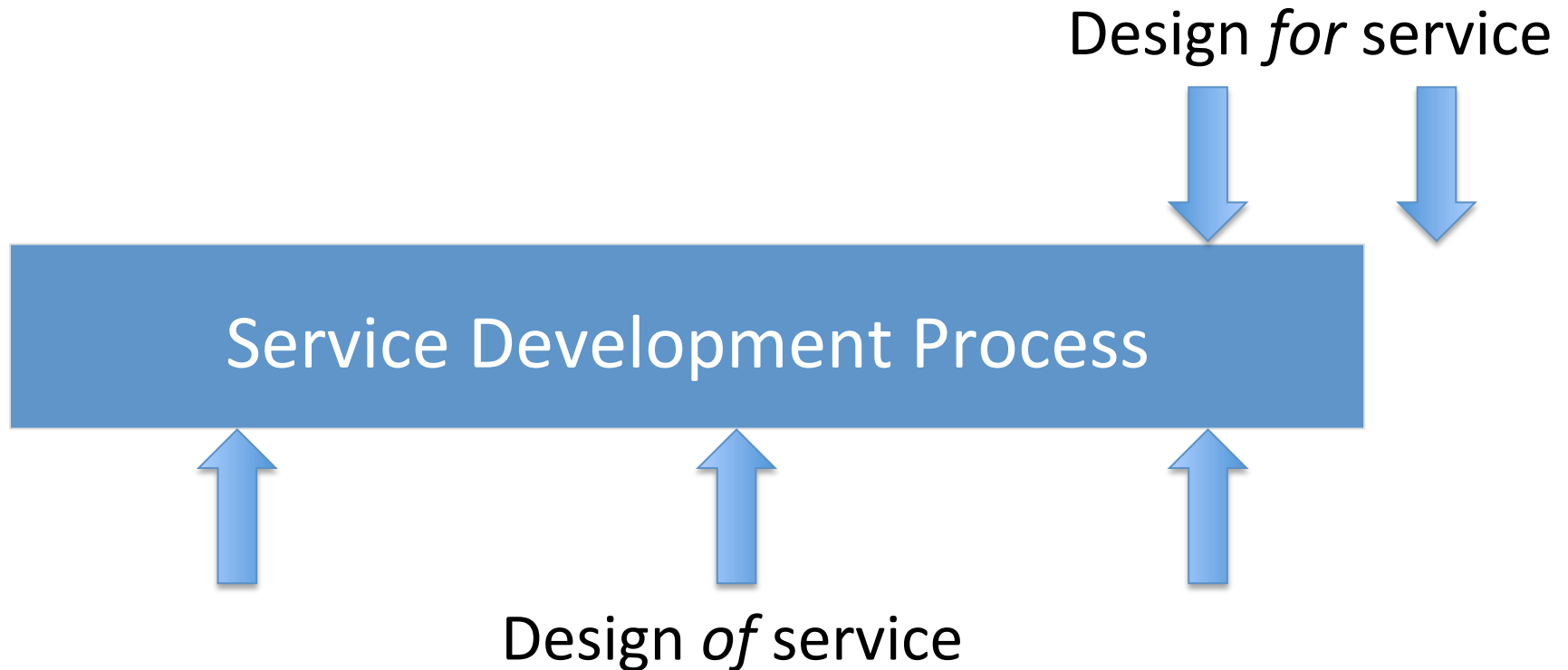
# Service development and design

Design *for* service



Service Development Process

# Service development and design



# The Object of Service Design

Fernando Secomandi, Dirk Snelders

## Introduction

Recent decades have witnessed a steep increase in service research springing from disciplines as diverse as economics, management, and engineering. For the most part, this interest is a response to the expansion of the service sector in the last century and the consequent penetration of services in almost all areas of industrial activity and contemporary life. Services now represent an undeniable force behind labor and value creation in the world economy.

Until recent years, however, design approached services as if they were mere appendages to goods. It is not uncommon to still observe in design discourse the surreptitious inclusion of services in expressions like “product/service” or “product (and service),” without a deeper explanation of the meaning of these compound terms. By implication, the fixation on goods persists, which is understandable considering design’s historical role in giving shape to the material culture of modernity. But since the advent of post-industrial societies, the half-hearted integration of services into design discourse is increasingly out of touch with the times. Services must receive the attention they deserve so as to unpack the concept and

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1 Any attempt to provide an accurate portrayal of a rapidly evolving field is bound to suffer from incompleteness. Still, as formative of the field of service design, the following advances originating within the design community should be mentioned. Articles published in academic journals: e.g., Nicola Morelli, “Designing Product/Service Systems: A Methodological Exploration,” *Design Issues* 18:3 (Summer 2002): 3–17; Carla Cipolla and Ezio Manzini, “Relational Services,” *Knowledge, Technology & Policy* 22:1 (2009): 45–50; Claudio Pinhanez, “Services as Customer-intensive Systems,” *Design Issues* 25:2 (Spring 2009): 3–13. Specialized research groups: e.g., SEDES research,

# What is designed in services?

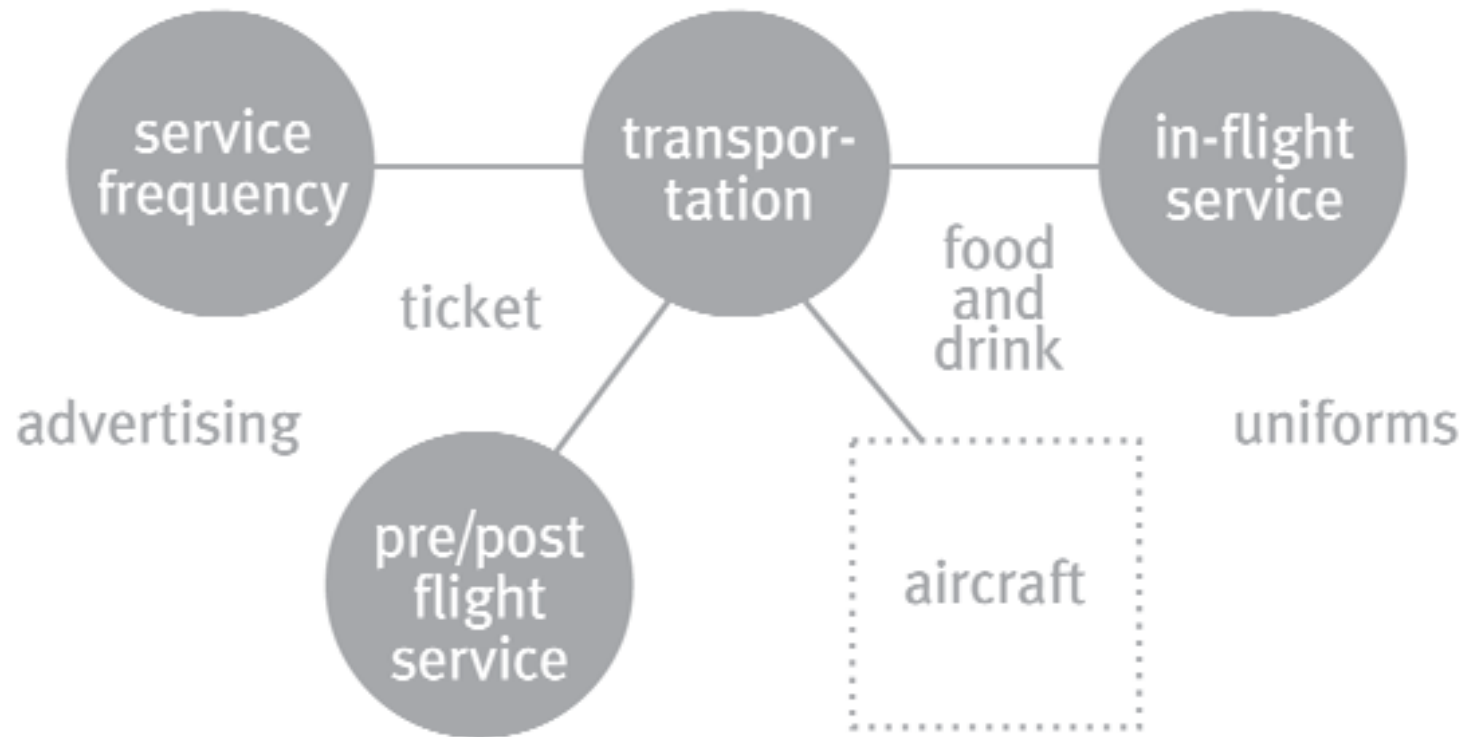
## Review:

- New service development in marketing, management, engineering, and economics

## Result:

- Models prioritize infrastructure (back-office) development to support an intangible process

# “An essentially intangible process”

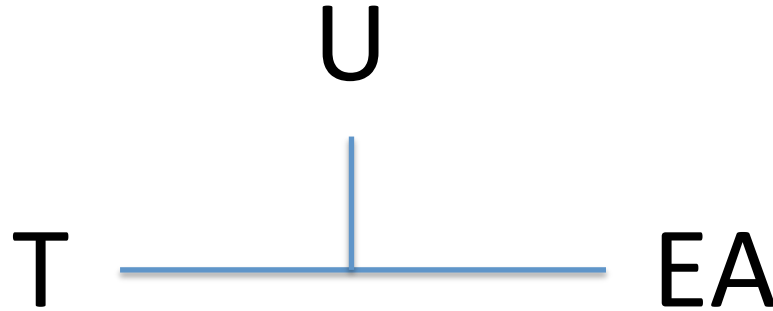


# Secomandi and Snelders:

- It is through a material interface (front-office, touchpoints) that services exist for the user
- This interface needs early envisioning and later planning in the service development process

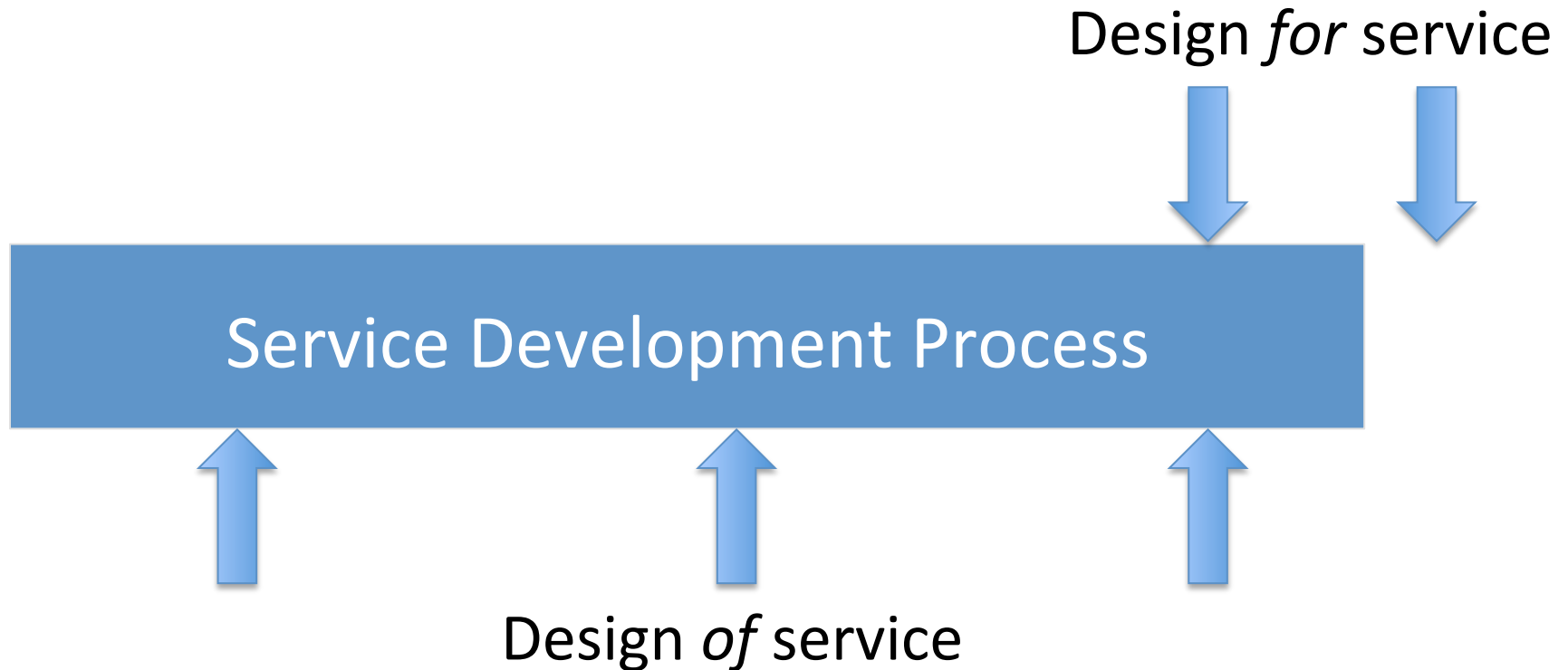
# The interface as the object of design

(Bonsiepe, 1995)

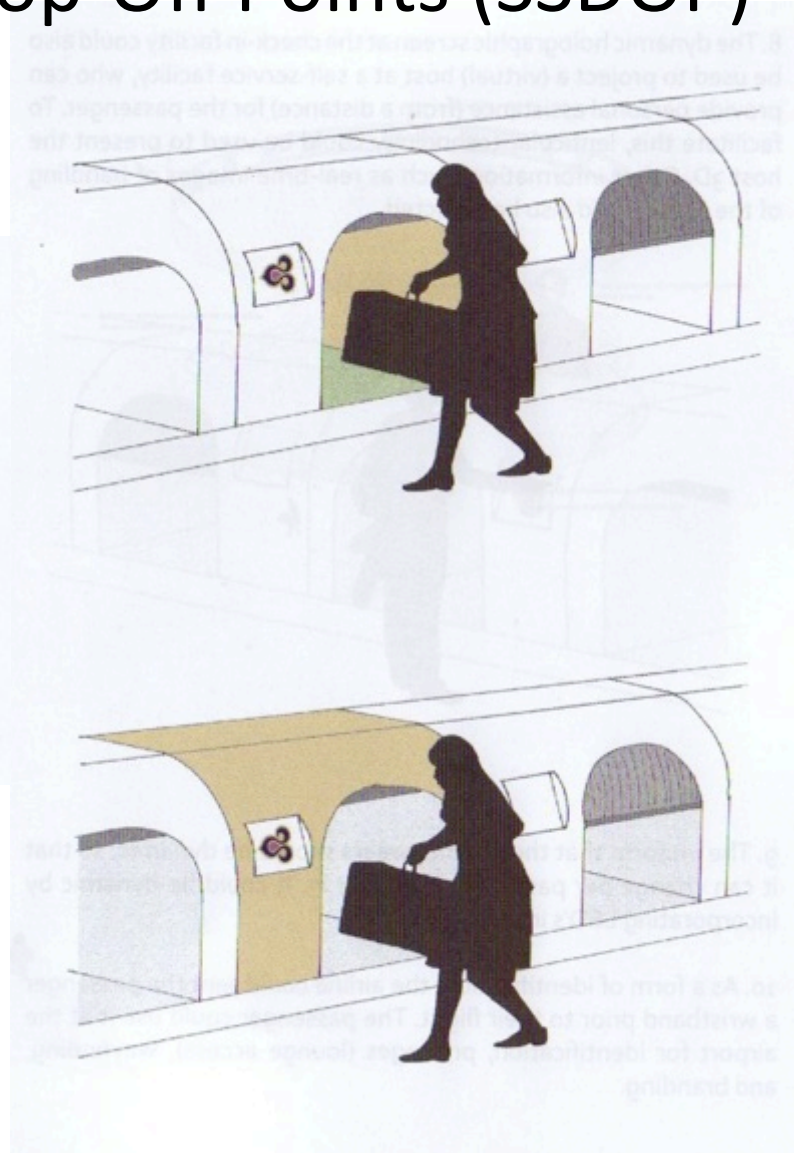
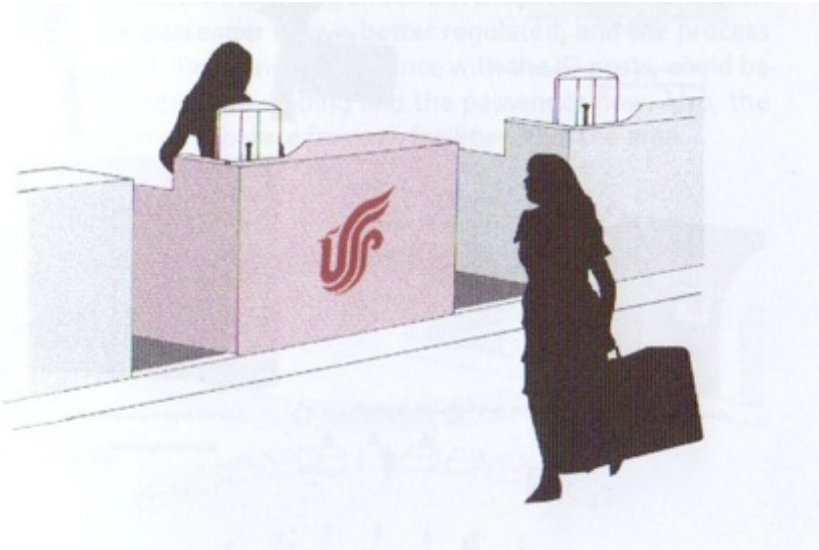




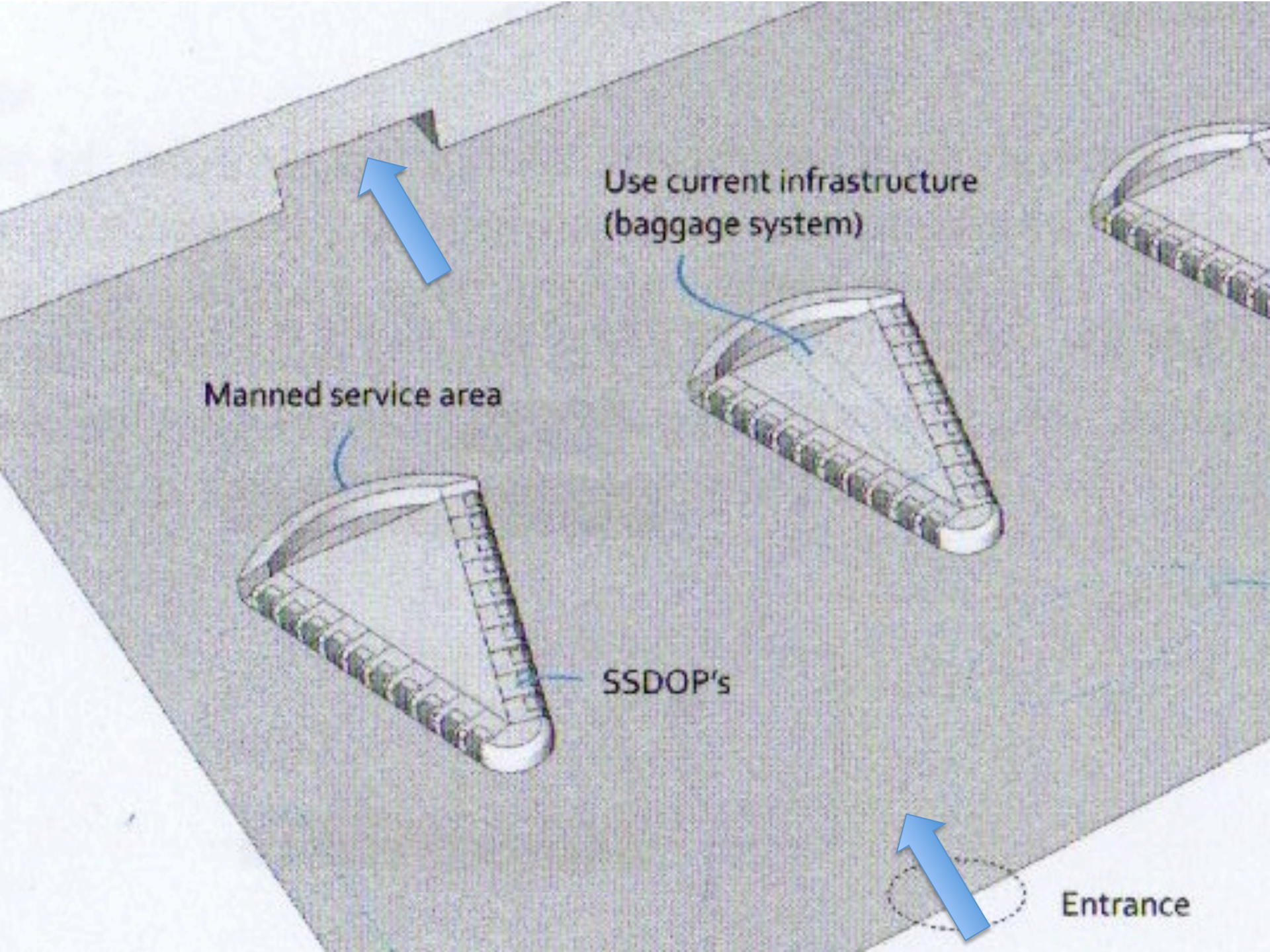
# Service development and design



# Checking in at Amsterdam Airport with Self Service baggage Drop-Off Points (SSDOP)







Use current infrastructure  
(baggage system)

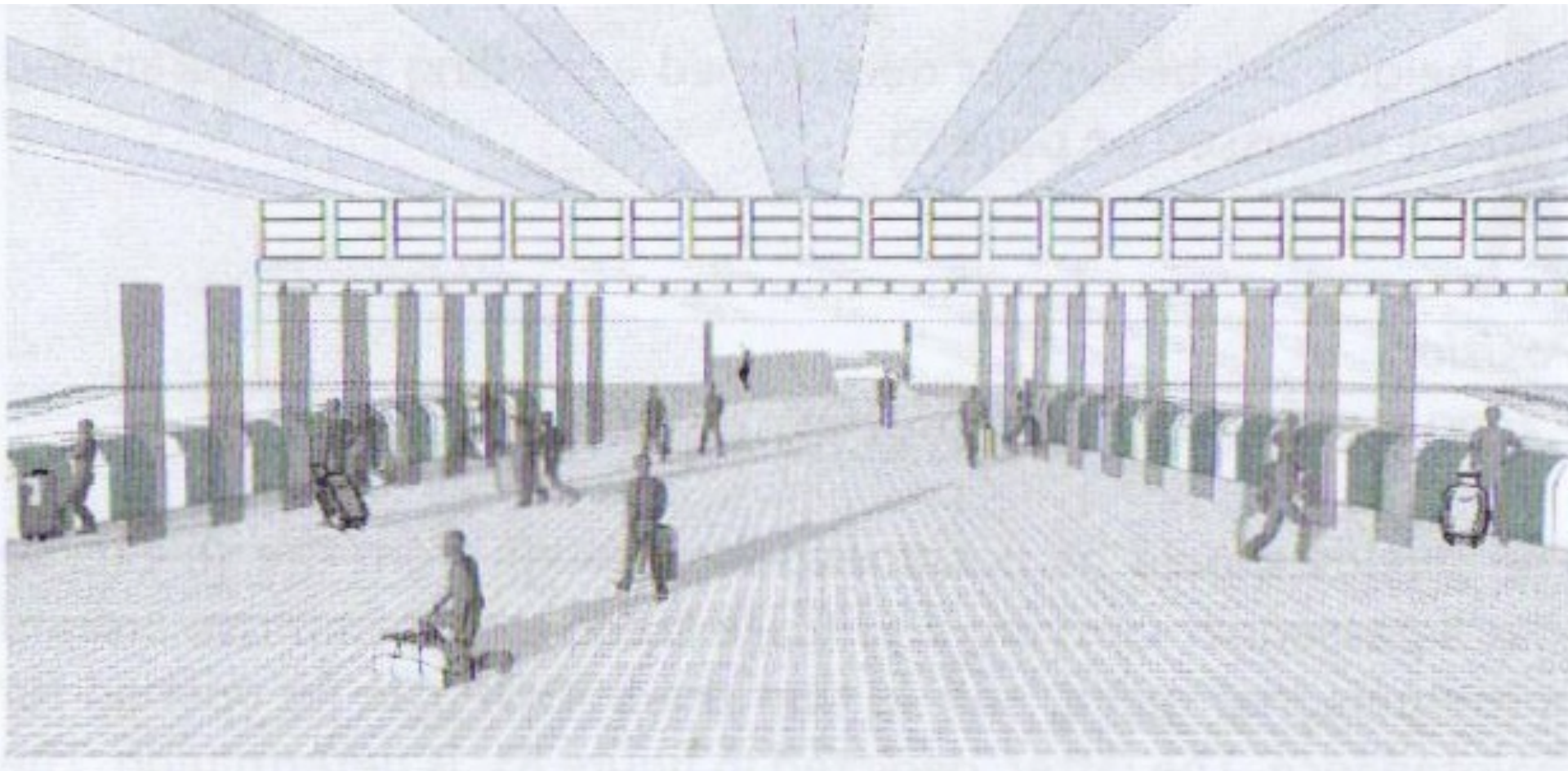
Manned service area

SSDOP's

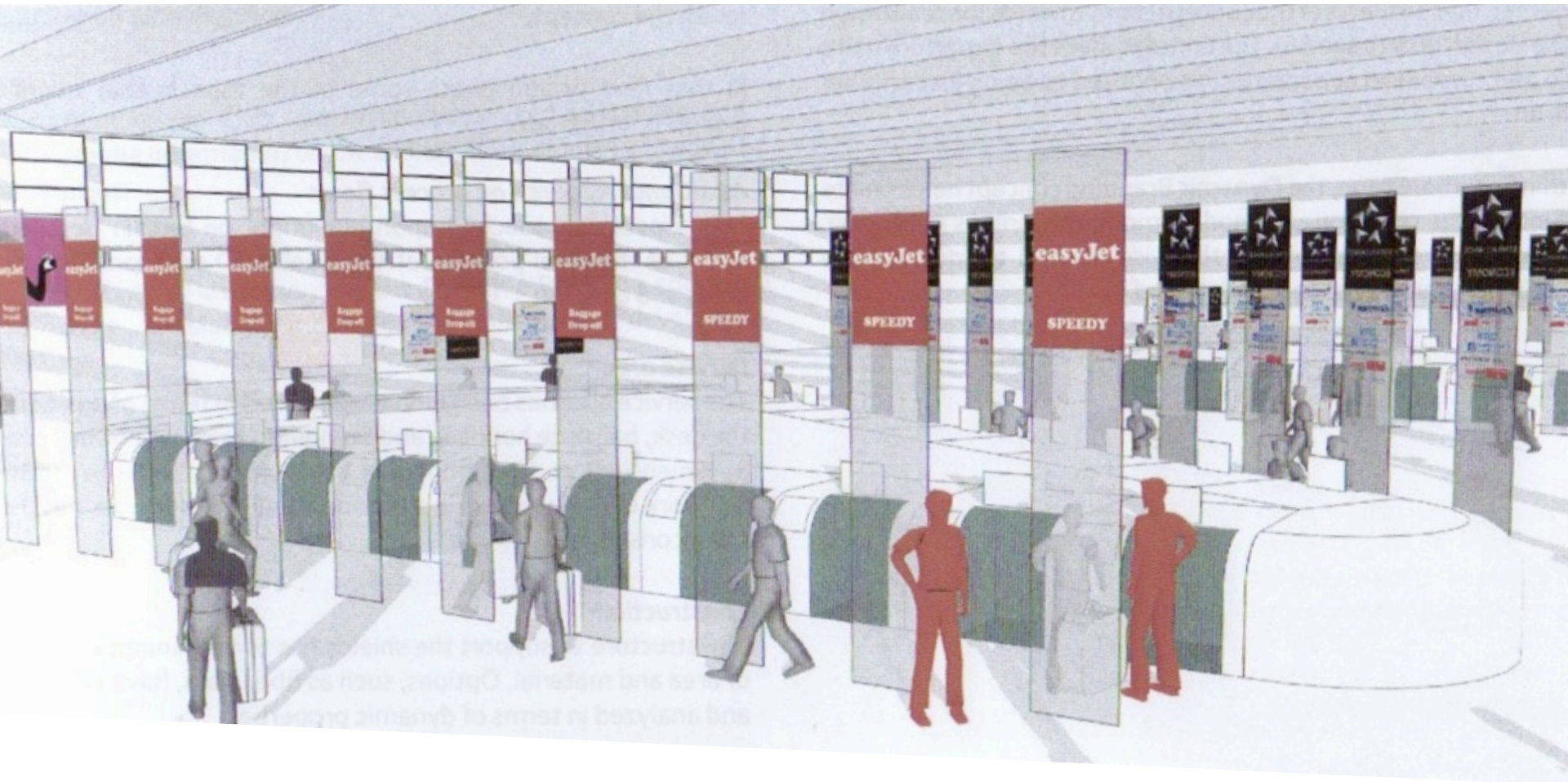
Entrance



# Entering departure hall



# Dedicated SSDOP's





# Manned service area (back of hall)



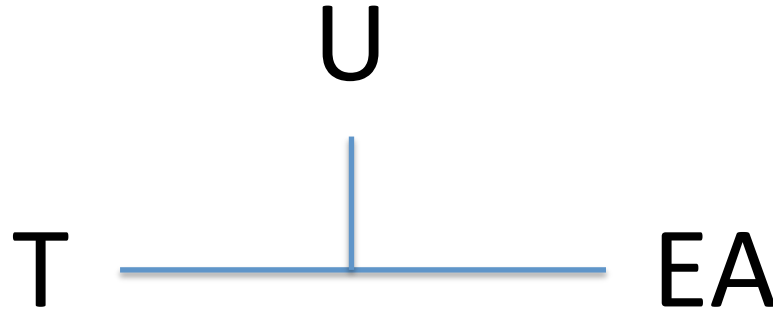
# Heterogeneous interfaces:

The service comes into being through a complex interface:

- Objects (Service Clues)
- Environment (Servicescape)
- People (Service encounters)

# The interface as the object of design

(Bonsiepe, 1995)





# Interface as the object of design

T

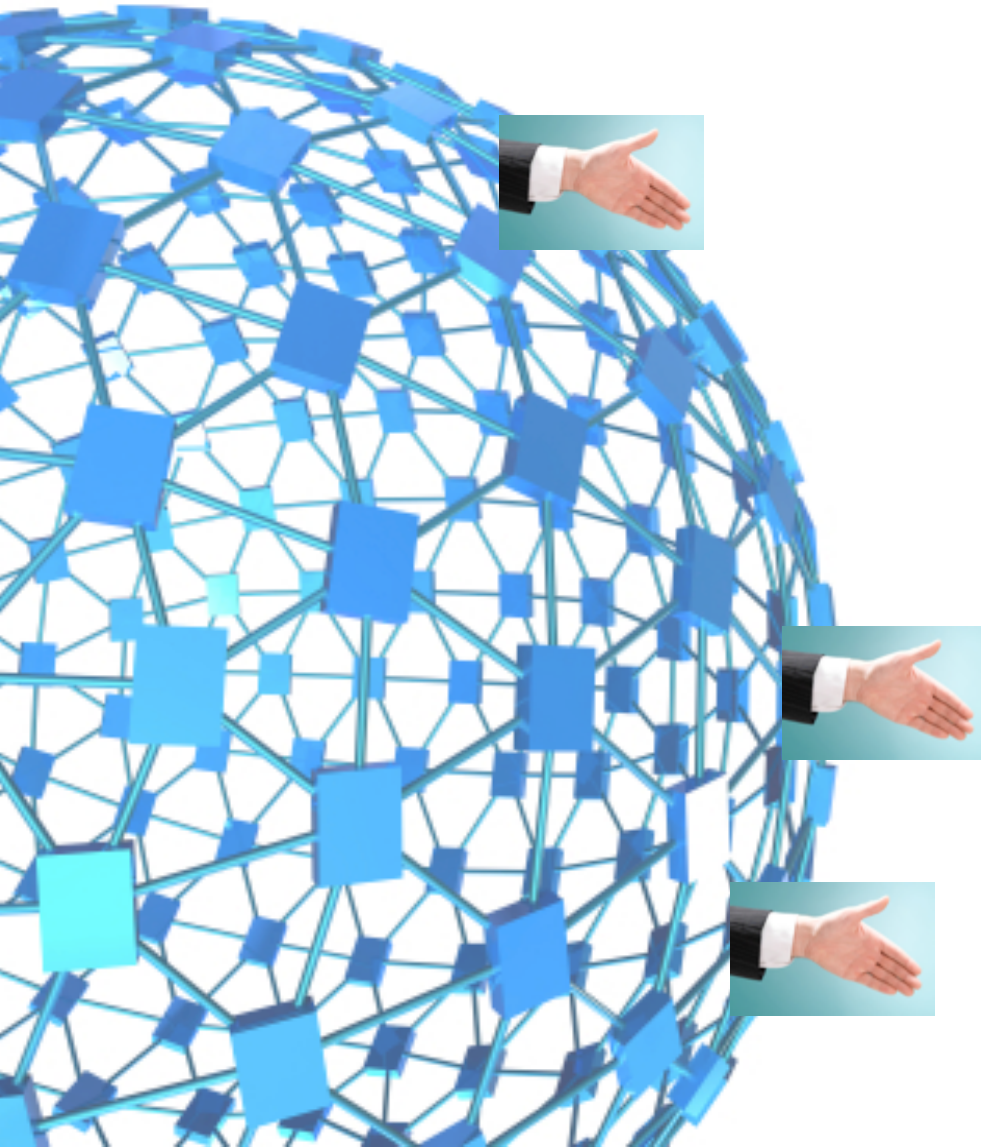
# Interface as the object of design



# In a technical system...

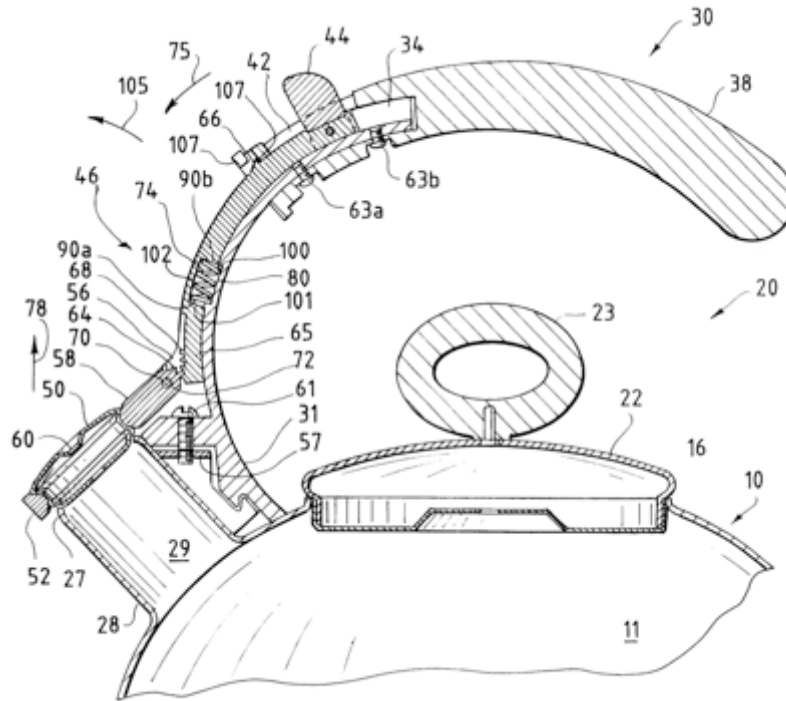


# In a social-technical system...



# Interface as the object of design

T



# Interface as the object of design



# In a technical system...





# In a social-technical system...






# Designing the interface:

Service 'designables' are those interfaces in a social-technical system that can be envisioned and planned for

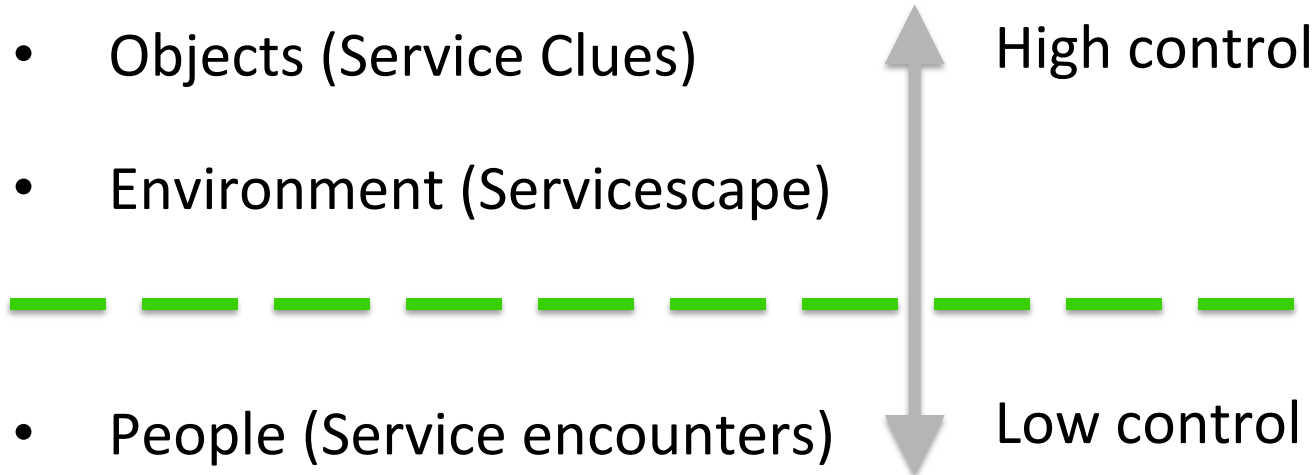
# Designing the interface:

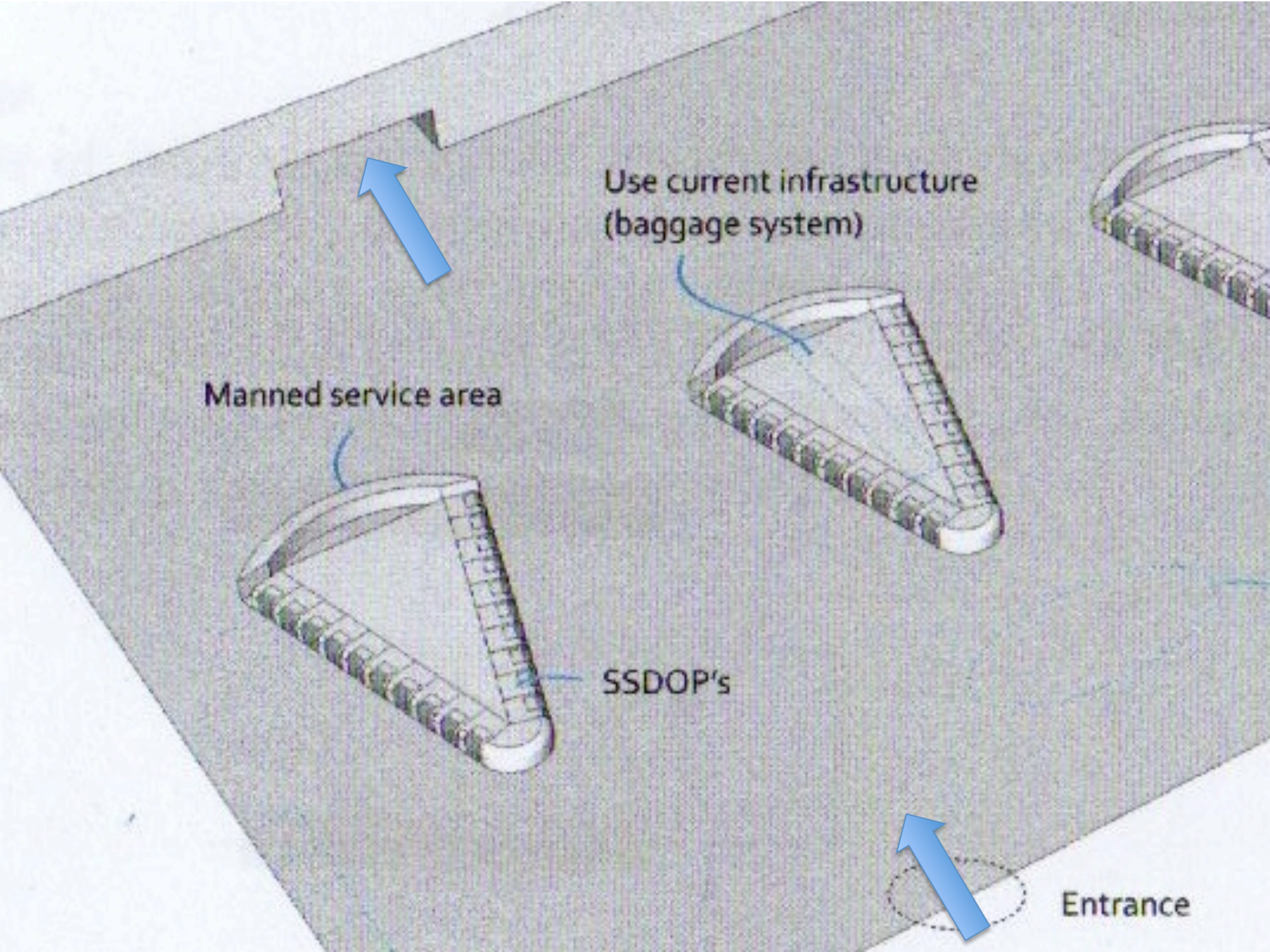
Service 'designables' are those interfaces in a social-technical system that can be envisioned and planned for:

- Objects (Service Clues)
  - Environment (Servicescape)
  - People (Service encounters)
- 
- High control
- Low control

# Designing the interface:

Service 'designables' are those interfaces in a social-technical system that can be envisioned and planned for:





Use current infrastructure  
(baggage system)

Manned service area

SSDOP's

Entrance



Can there be...  
A design *of* service encounter?



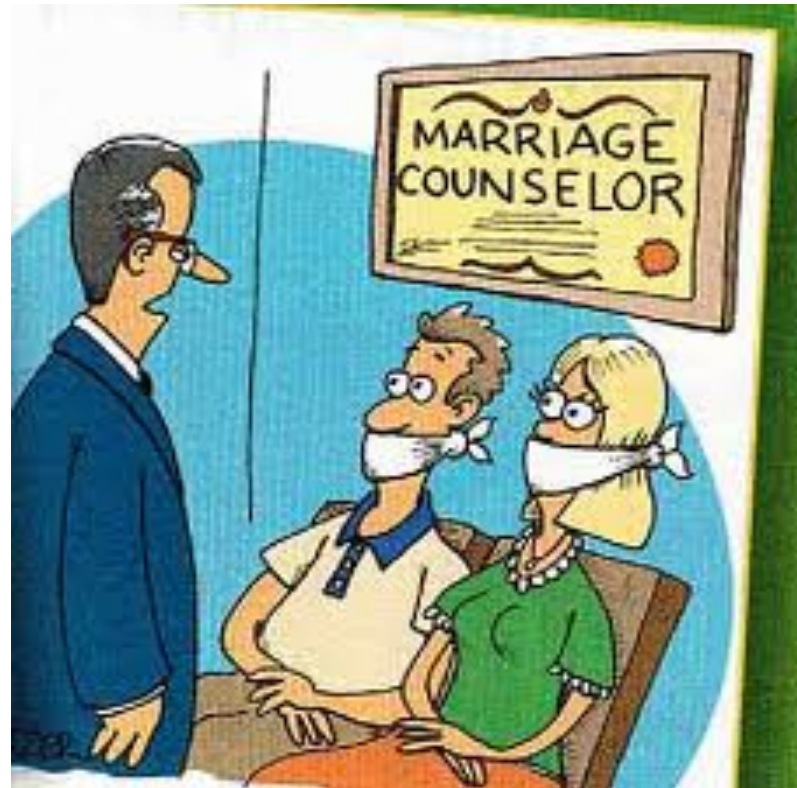
# People as 'undesignable'

- In product design, the user is the most uncontrollable factor



# Service encounter 'undesignable?'

- The social dynamic in service encounters is even harder to control!



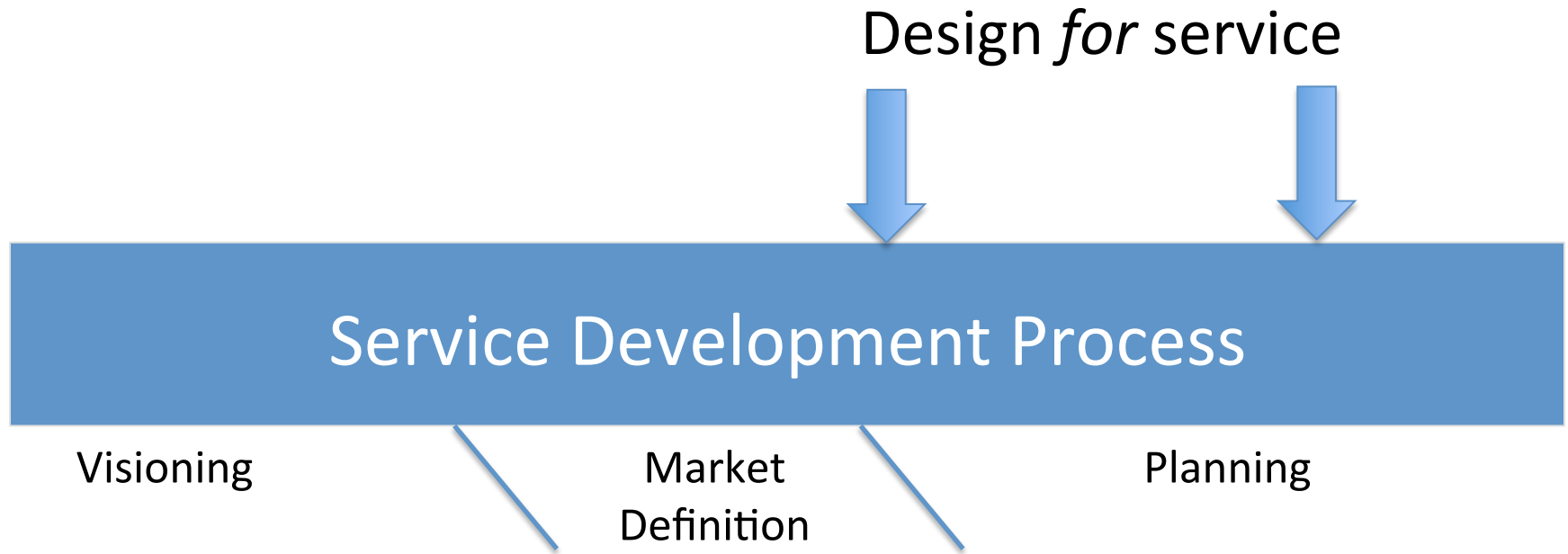
# Verdict 1: Encounters undesignable

Sangiorgi: Social encounters are essential to services, so we can only design *for* service, together with users and providers



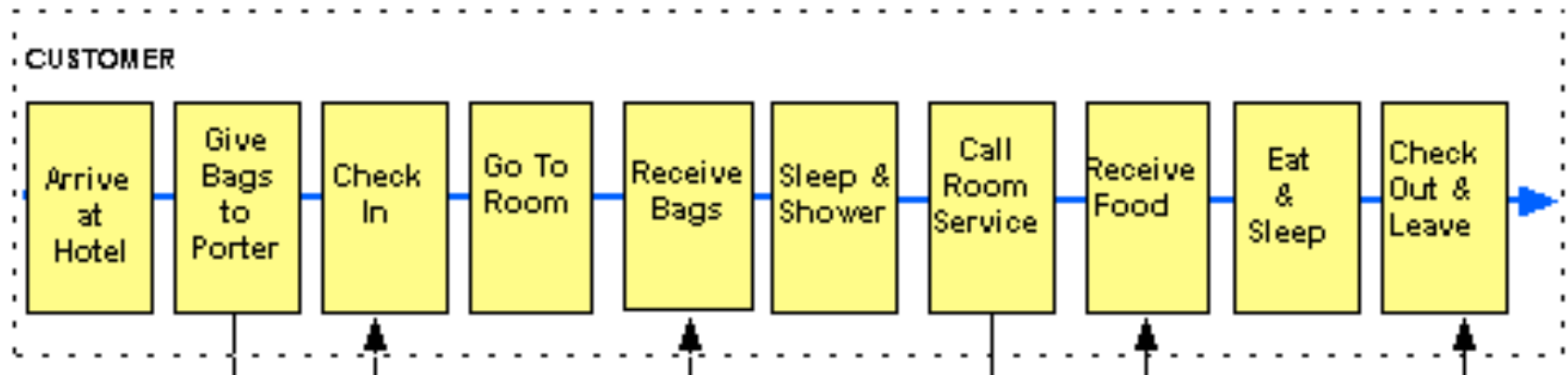


# Service encounters and design



# Verdict 2: Try harder to control!

Use tools for early visioning and later planning of the service encounter (blueprinting, customer journey analysis, storytelling)

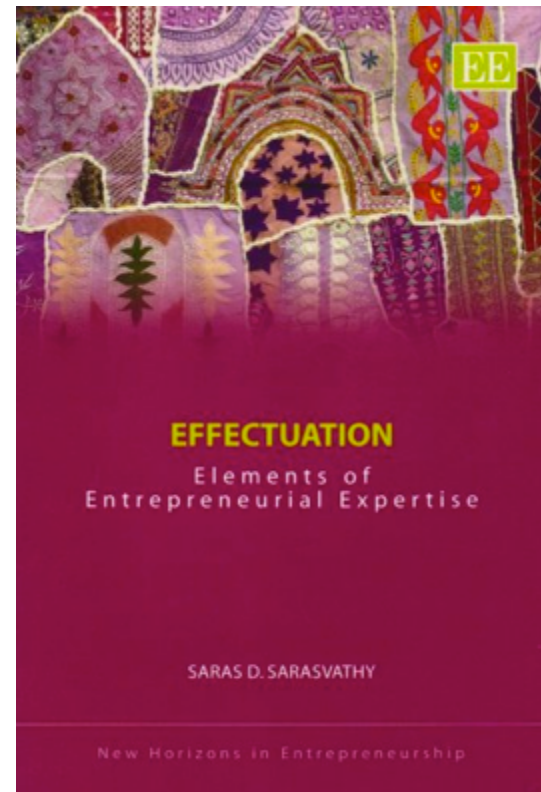


# But should we try harder?

Tools for visioning and planning of the service encounter are excessively protocolled:

- Depart from set problems, rule out improvisation and creativity in the service encounter

Sarasvathy, 2008



# But should we try harder?

Tools for visioning and planning of the service encounter are excessively protocolled:

- Presupposes helpless user with needs and always happy provider



# Service encounters and design

Verdict 1:  
Design *for* service



Service Development Process



Verdict 2:  
Design *of* service

# Alternative 3: Is control itself a designable?

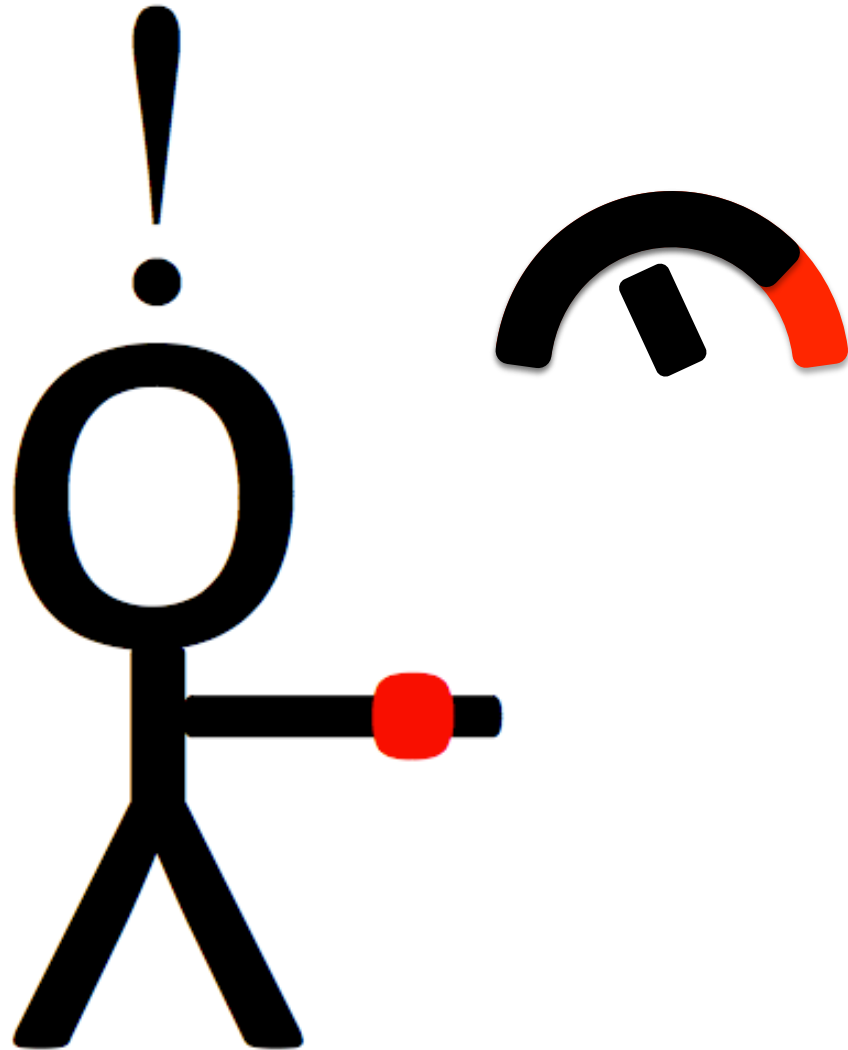
Can we envision a level of social dynamic in service encounters at the early stages of service development?

- Project GRIP (subproject of FES-CRISP, a large Dutch initiative on Design of Product-Service Systems)
- Employing a broad range of researchers and designers (DAE, Philips Design, TU Delft, TU/e)
- Centered around work related stress

Stress: Oh why do I feel upset!

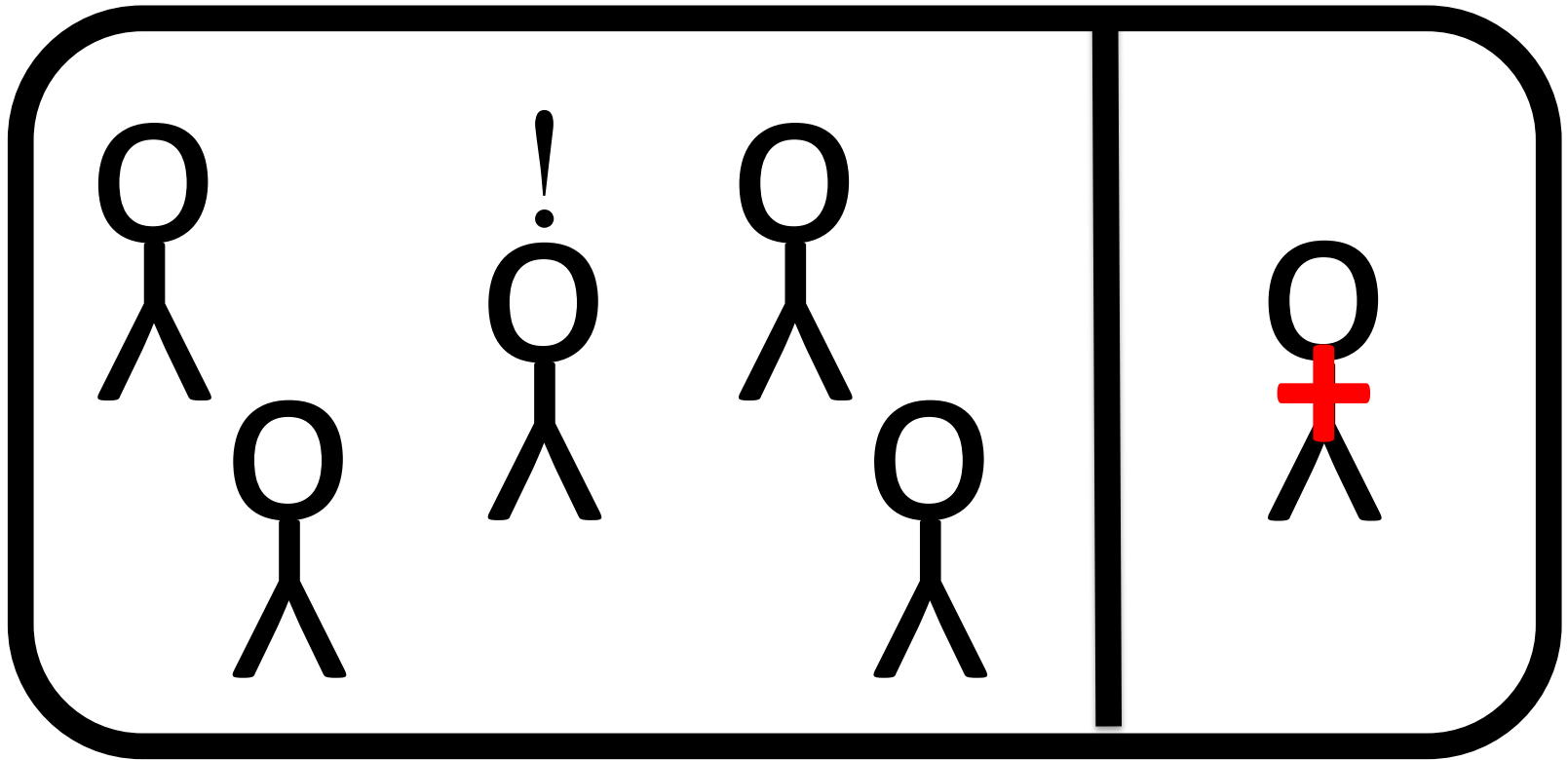


# Stress: Oh why do I feel upset!

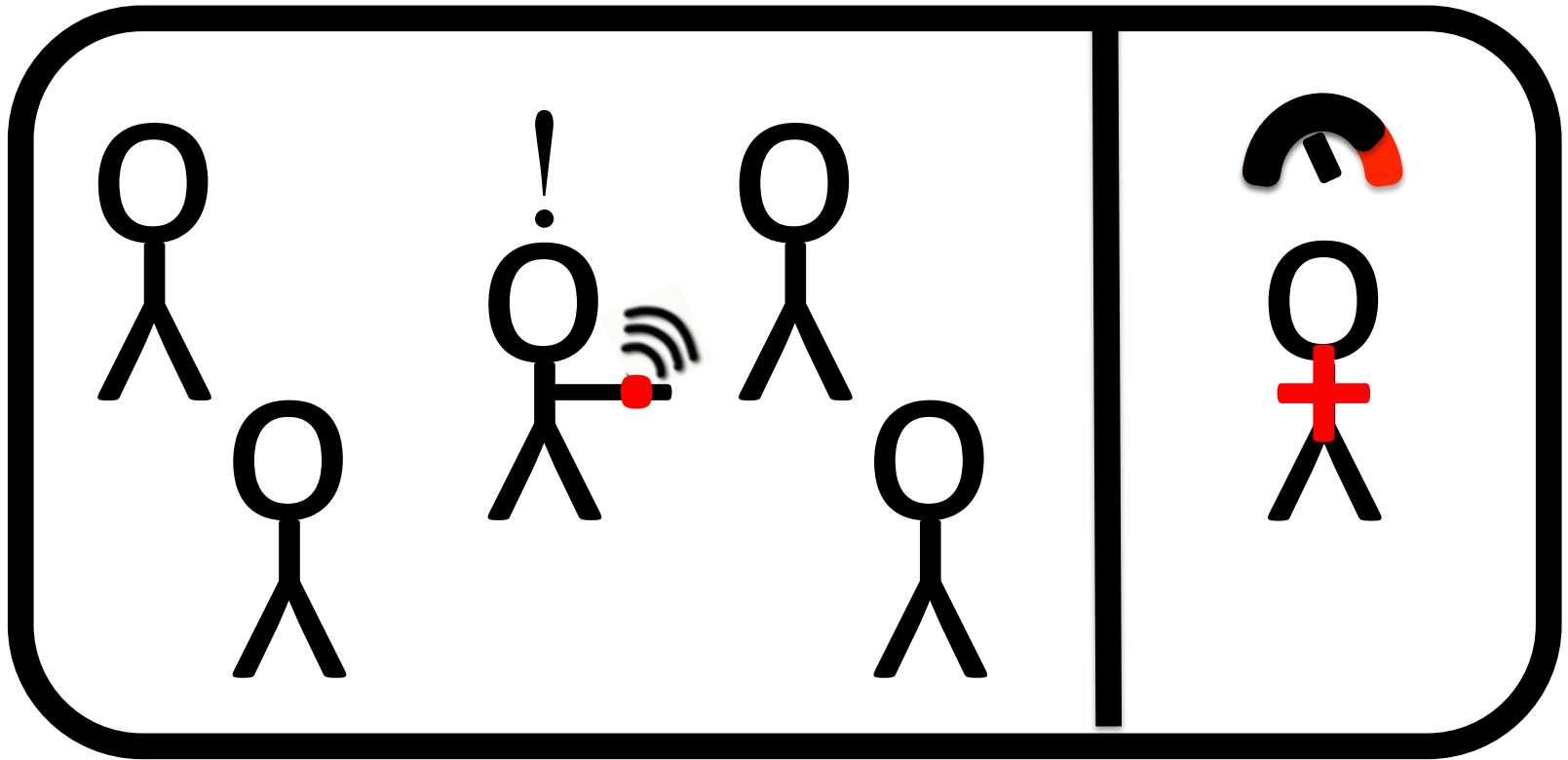




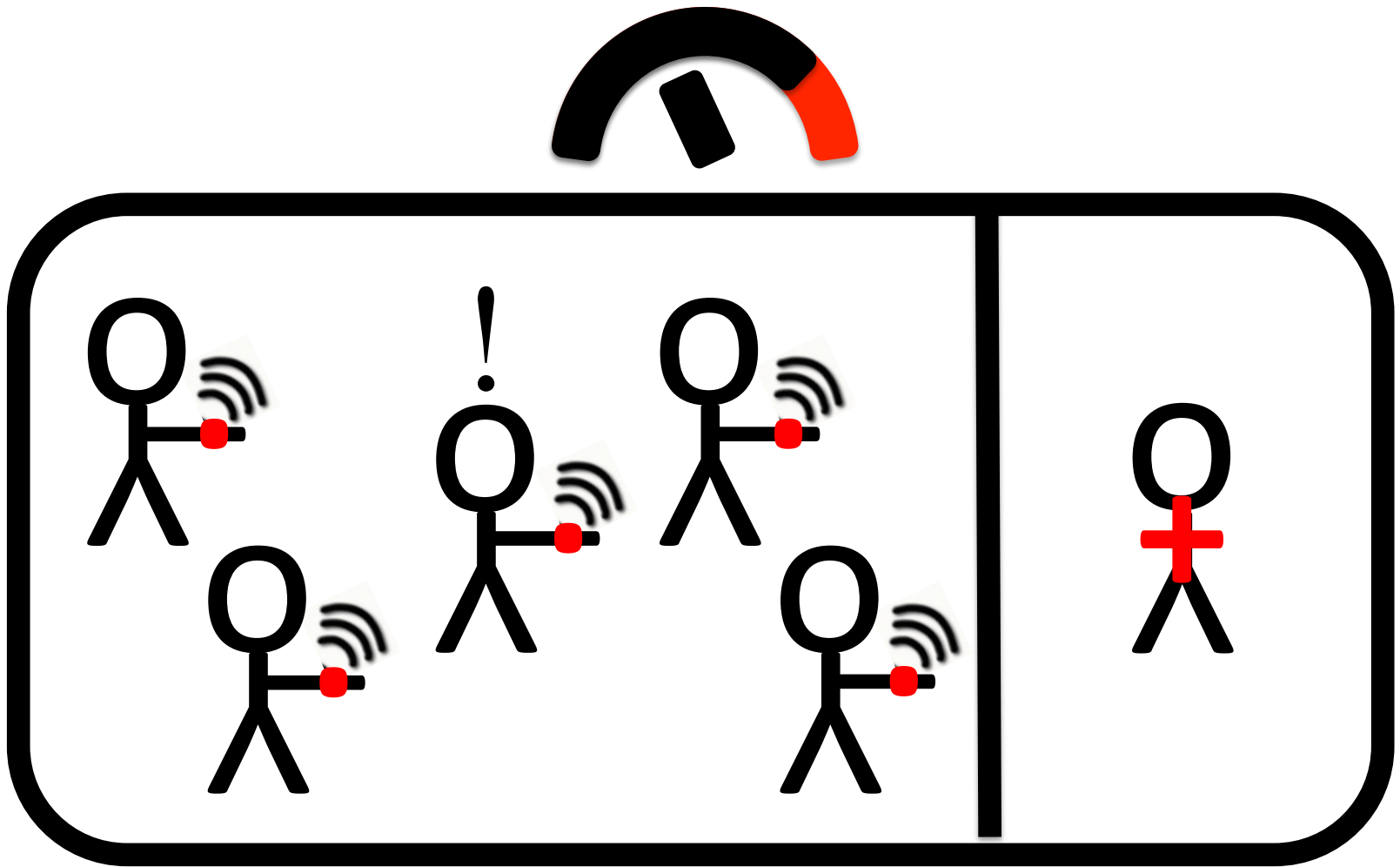
# Stress on a work floor



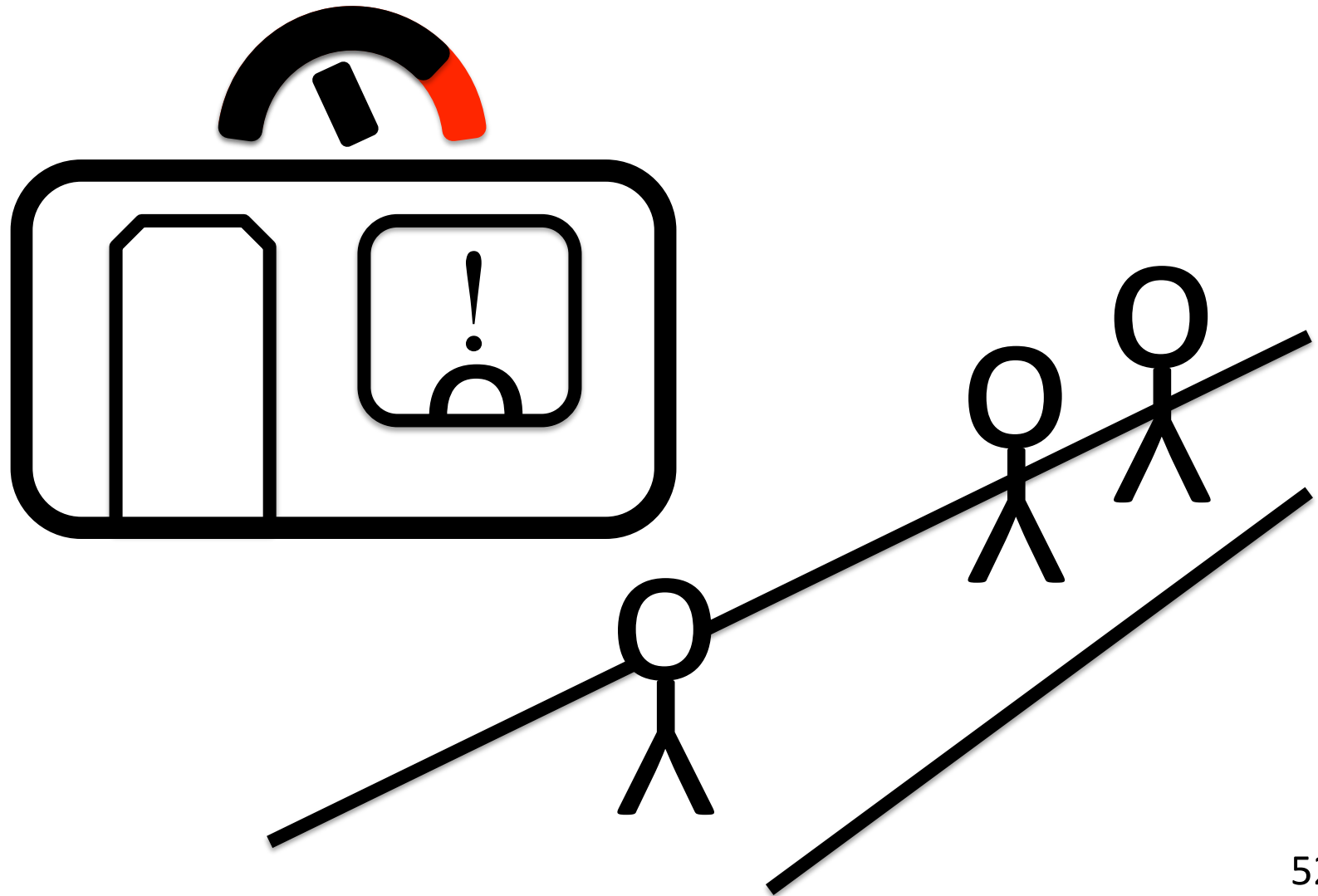
# 1. Controlled social dynamic



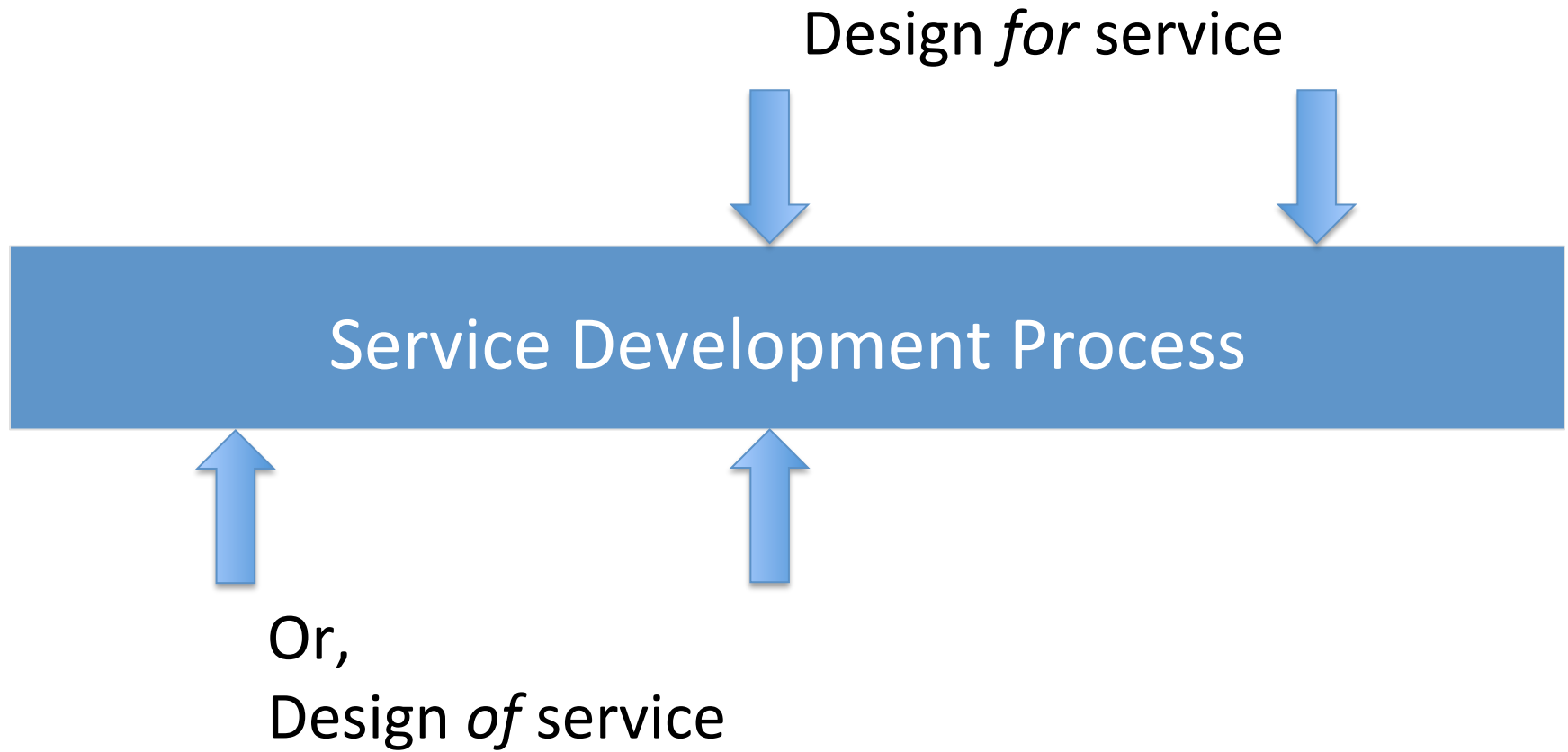
## 2. Less control of social dynamic



### 3. Out of control...



# Service encounters and design



# So, can there be a design *of* service?

- It depends, can we create a vision, and plan for a particular level of social dynamics in service encounters...
- Ask me in two years time!



# But should we try harder?

Tools for early planning of the service encounter are excessively protocolled:

- Set time order of user Experience, worth “the whole journey”

